VOL. XL-NO. 81

MENT.

Service of the control of the

which relates to the civil war and the struggle the people of the south made to establish a government resting upon the peculiar civilization which had its origin far back in the establishment of the colonies. The latest and best form in which that story comes to us is in his own words and way, with the same precision of statement, the same clearness and candor, the same courage, fairness, earnestness and conviction of right as has

the case which it are stated to propose of the control during the density of the control of the

characterized him in all the vocations and These rivalries, as is well known, were emergencies of his eventful life. From an made manifest with great intensity of feel-examination of some pages of the work now ing during the debates upon the constitution, examination of some pages of the work now before us, we feel warranted in assuring the readers of the Appeal, that often as the events preceding and that lead up to the war have been told, and frequently as the consti-

th chap
Siate, without pausing to ask what would be the consequences of refusing obedience to its mandate. A like feeling pervaded all of the secesting States, and it was not only for the military service but for every service which would strengthen and social like a free roots and ages was manifested. For the formation of the Confederate government, which followed the secession of the formation of the Confederate government, which followed the secession of the formation of the temporary constitution, he says:

The fried Battle of Manassas. The name of the author, J. A. Early, will, to all who know him, be a sufficient guarantee for the accuracy of the statements, and for the justice of the conclusions an observation and for the justice of the conclusions and states and green was manifested.

Of the formation of the Confederate government, which followed the secession of the common lines under the property of the property of the second of the country was involved in war with Mexico, he volunteered and served in a regiment of its native State (virginia. After that war terminated, he returned to the practice of his profession, when he was settled p pursaning when the controversy between the sections caused the call of a government, which he resided, to represent the manufacture of the sate of the country was involved in war with Mexico, he volunteered and served in a regiment of its native State (virginia. After that war terminated, he returned to the practice of his profession, when his country was involved in war with Mexico, he volunteered and served in a regiment of the country was involved in war with Mexico, he volunteered and served in a regiment of the proper of the country was involved in war with Mexico, he volunteered and served in a regiment of the proper of the country was involved in war with Mexico, he volunteered and served in a regiment of the proper of the country was involved in war with Mexico, he volunteered and served in a regiment of the country was involved in war with Mexico, he volunte

in the nullification by South Carolina, breaktutional argument for secssion, the rights of
the States, and of the citizens thereof to remove to the Territories, carrying with them
their servants, has been made plain, the repetition of them by Mr. Davis, in order to a
clear understanding of "the war, its causes
and consequences," will be found as interessing as if told for the first time. The chapters devoted to the secssion of the States and
the formation of the Confederate government,
the latter especially, are among the most
interesting of the first volume; and the
occupying a large portion of the first and the
whole of the second volume, are as full of interest as if the first relation of a movement as
momentous as any of the present century. The
history of the Rise and Fall of the Confederate
Government, as we gather it from these desultory pages, is coherently and sequently related. There are no gaps, and, above all,
there is no hesitancy. It is a book the spirit
of which is that which informed and assitained the people of the south during the
dreadfal controversy of fire and sword, which

As to the origin of the bill we have this inminated during Jackson's first term in 1832;
int he nullification by South Carolina, breaking out at intervals until 1854, when the
Kansas-Nebraska bill was introduced by
sent country of the first provided to the
search country of the first such the
Kansas-Nebraska bill was introduced by
South Garolina, breakting out at intervals until 1854, when the
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south carolina, breaking out at intervals until 1854, when the
Kansas-Nebraska bill was introduced by
south serving the search country of the
following attracts touching a measure fraught
bill with so much disaster to the country:

The organization. Of the scalar of the first work of the first work of the first work of the content of t

As a control of position of the control of the cont

mont, the first of the long list of fierce and

prosperity in the future for Tennessee.

Mr. Wiltse said he loved them all, regard-

arise and add to her commercial interests. He predicted a bright era in store for Tennessee from the passage of the 100 and 3 bill and of the normal school bill, Mr. Higgins read some poetry which provoked laughter.

Mr. Cole said that as they came as

parted from the members of the Ten-nessee legislature, and he parted from them

Mr. Cooper said that an illustration of the influence Mr. Beasley's remarks would have was that when members were out and came in to vote they only asked how Mr. Beasley voted and cast their votes to the reverse, Mr. Butler, having reference to Mr. Beas-ley, suggested to Mr. Cooper that the scrip-tures said that when "little was given, little

was expected." and 100 resolutions adopted during the ses

and from other outrages upon them.

While waiting for the governor to sign the bills the members of the house had a good deal of sport in throwing pamphlets at each other, and clearing the lobby by showering reports and newspapers and other light material upon it amidst uprorious laughter.

Mr. Eaton has made so many motions to lay

with regret and with feelings of enmity to none. If he had offended his errors were of the head and not of the heart. He invited

Mr. Cole said that as they came as strangers he had entertained no bitter feelings toward any, and hoped that all could feel in the same way toward him.

Mr. Butler said that for the fifth time he

officers and clerks were adopted.

Mr. McTee, on behalf of the members and officers of the house, presented Speaker Ramsey with an elegant gold-headed cane.

Messrs. Poston, Beasley and Baker also expressed their feelings at parting. Mr. Beasley said the fight on the State debt was not yet over, and told an aneedote, having for its point that the people would have the im-pression that the members of the house were

The speaker then declared the house ad-One hundred ond thirty bills were passed

sion.

The total amount in the appropriation bill for the two years is \$2,434,000. The Bribery Investigation

YANKTON, D. T., April 5.—The ice gorge make himself known, he would take care of him there or anywhere. No man but a scoundrel would be guilty of writing such a false and scurrilous paper without signing and scurrilous paper without signing rapidly. Lower Yankton has been resisting the onward flow of water at this point for twenty-four hours, scoundrel would be guilty of writing such a false and scurrilous paper without signing rapidly. Lower Yankton has been resisting the onward flow of Slavonic and reactionary tendency of the government, at least in home affairs.

The Cologne Gazette says: The Russian rapidly. Lower Yankton has been sub-merged since Monday morning. The lower floors of 200 dwellings, shops and mills were covered from one to four feet. Much dam-age has been done to houses, goods and buildings. The steamer Peninah broke from her moorings as the ice began to move, and has floated with the current a mile, losiging on the railroad track, where she now sits. Intelligence from the submerged farming dis-

cuing parties have found and landed in places of safety about two hundred persons, who must have perished with cold and hunger had they not been reached. The good work still progresses, and hopes are enter-tained that nearly all the ice and water-bound sufferers will be rescued. The weathor remains cold and the citation be-more serious daily. The fuel supply has been reduced to a minimum and many kinds of provisions are running short. The freshet has swept away thousands of cords of wood

THE FEDERAL SENATE Adjourns Until Monday, After Listening to Remarks on an Old and Fruitless Subject.

sual motion to go into executive session was oted down. Senator Vance made a speech efending the action of North Carolina relative to her State debt. Senator Kellogg re-plied, criticising the action of that State, in support of the position of his colleague. Senator Call gave a history of the carpetbag governments, after which the senate ad-journed until Monday.

General Sherman and Whitelaw Reid. NEW YORK, April 7.—The Tribune says:

"Yesterday's dispatches represented General
Sherman as saying at the Army of Tennessee meeting in Cincinnati, in the course of an effort to correct popular judgment about Pittsburg Landing, that Mr. Whitelaw Reid's account

Gladstone, on introducing the land bill, said this was the most difficult question he personal knowledge of many incidents relat-ing to Mr. Reid's presence at the front. The Tribune prefers to believe that General Sherman's remarks were grossly misrepresented

in the dispatches.

A Desperate Convict Killed. DETROIT, April 7 .- Four convicts made a

do Van Hise, George Linn and John K. Cor-win, charged with conspiring to defraud the government in Missouri lands, and arrested simultaneously with other parties in St. Louis and Pittsburg, were called for hearing to-day before United States Commissioner Bushnell White, and dismissed for want of evidence.

TOPEKA, April 7.—The rolling mill which was owned jointly by the Union Pacific and the Topeka and Santa Fe Railroad companies, and which was located at Topeka time to escape before the roof fell. The loss is estimated at \$100,000, and from 200 to 300

Threatened the Wrong Man.

producing a play entitled Forget Me Not.

MR. GLADSTONE

Makes a Lengthy Speech on the Occasion of Introducing the Land Bill in Parliament-He Declares the Question the Most Difficult One

Life, but he Felt a Pleasure in Entering on Improving Legislation-Great Loss of Life and Property Con-

ATHENS, April 7 .- The difficulty at Athens is to find a minister who can induce the country to accept the proposed frontier settle-ment. The position of the king and cabinet

Constantinople, April 7.—A cordon of 10,000 Turkish troops has been drawn around Paraun, in the district of Syria, in consequence of a conflict between the Druses and neighboring Mohammedans.

Shocks of earthquake continue in Chio, and are fast completing the general ruin. In Kastro, which contained nearly 4000 inhabitants, only 150 are known to be alive.

-DUBLIN, April 7.—Two brothers named Nally, sons of a farmer of Claremorris, lately in custody on suspicion of having at-tempted to murder Hearn and John Hasson, have been arrested under the coercion act. A mob stoned some policemen on the train at the New Castle, West Limerick railway station to-day. Three policemen were in-

ROME, April 7.—In the chamber of deputies to-day Signor Leanardella moved a vote of confidence in the cabinet, which was rejected by a vote of 192 to 171. Signor Cairoli moved the adjournment of the house, to enable the ministry to receive the commands of the king. The majority against the government consisted of the right and fractions of the left and center.

Madrid, April 7.—Several houses in Seville have fallen. The flood is also disasastrous at Malaga, where several people per-ished. At Seville the Guadalquiver river is now nine meters above the ordinary level. It is beleived that if it continues to rise the whole city will be inundated. Many houses

Grand Duke Nicholas Constantinovich, notorious in connection with the theft of diamonds, was arrested on Tuesday night in the village of Sualino, on the railway to Moscow, and interned in a castle belonging to his father. Grand Duke Constantine, brother of the late czar, near St. Petersburg, on suspicion of being concerned in political intrigues in favor of his father. It is not known whether the latter was privy to the intrigues.

will be at Dublin, but extra commissioners, and, if necessary, sub-commissioners may be appointed, under control of the central commission. The civil-bill courts will be the courts of the first instance. It is proposed to assist tenants to purchase their holdings, and invest the courts with the power to purchase lands from landlords desiring to sell, and resell them, retaining the title as a guarantee for repayment and against subdivision. Advances will be made to owners' tenants and solvent companies formed for the pur-

known whether the latter was privy to the intrigues.

ENGLAND.

London, April 7.—The court of appeals has dismissed the appeal of Rev. Alexander Mackonoche against his sentence of deprivation of the right of ritualistic practices.

Herr Most, of the Freiheit, has been committed for trial on the charge or naving in the columns of his paper incited the people of a foreign State to sedition and rebellion, and bail has been refused.

The Times says that the land bill, since first discussed by the cabinet, has passed through twenty-two variations of form. It will contain schemes for the reclamation of waste lands and for emigration.

The Duke of Argyle has resigned the office of lord of the privy seal owing to a difference of opinion with his colleagues on some of the provisions of the land bill.

Lord Reaconsfield had a very serious at-

of lord of the privy seal owing to a differ-ence of opinion with his colleagues on some of the provisions of the land bill.

Lord Beaconsfield had a very serious at-Lord Beaconsfield had a very serious attack of spasms during the night, owing to a chill, but rallied toward morning. His physicians state, however, that he is very seriously ill, and that they are in constant attendance.—A later bulletin announces a great change for the better in Lord Beaconsfield's condition. There is now no fear of a fatal termination of the severe the believed the latter part of the bill would give general satisfaction. He hoped this attempt, which he believed was made honestly, and sincerely to settle the question, and would be accepted in Ireland as having been made in that spirit.

Mr. Parnell said he did not intend to express an opinion on the bill at present, but regretted that the power as to emigration was

fear of a fatal termination of the severe attack of last night.

PARLIAMENTARY POINTS. In the house of commons Gladstone rose crowded. Gladstone said the bill would deal both with the relations between landlord and tenant and subjects, which may be grouped

chequer.

Cheque which may be brought forward. The question of the other colonies being represented in the conference is under consideration.

Relative to the Freiheit, Lord Spencer Churchill said his information was derived were not that the Irish management of the Irish not that appeals to the passions of the Irish people had been made by persons whose wild proposals are little removed from schemes of public plunder, but because the Irish land laws contain peculiar provisions which prevant the prosperity of the Irish tenant. Account the prosperity of the Irish tenant. Account the prosperity of the Bessborough Sir Charles Dilke has contributed to the support of the Freiheit. As regards Brassey, he is the second of the Freiheit. laws contain peculiar provisions which prevent the prosperity of the Irish tenant. According to the report of the Bessborough commissioners, the Irish people declare they do not desire the expropriation of the landlords or the confiscation of the property of others, but they do desire to cultivate in security the land of the country, and only the finite of their labor portions. desperate attempt to scale the prison at Jackson at 3 o'clock this afternoon. While they were attempting to scale the wall one of the wall guards shot Lynch, the leader, three times, when he fell dead. The other convicts made a slight resistance, but were soon overpowered. One of the keepers and two or three convicts, who assisted the and the country, and enjoy the fruits of their labor, paying a fair rent for the land. These being the views of the Irish people, we have a broad basis on which we may proceed to found legislation.

It is not just to say that legislation is necessary.

It is not just to say that legislation is neces-sary because of the faults of the Irish land-lords. They have stood their trial, and as a rule have been acquitted, though the proceed-Nashville Herald: "An extra session of our legislature will be necessary to redis-trict the State; but, for this purpose, it need not meet until after congress, which meets in December, shall have fixed the congressional the legislation we are about to introduce.

Mr. Gladstone reterred to the failure of the land act of 1870, which he attributed mainly, though not wholly, to the amendment which the government had disapproved. He then reviewed the report of the Richmond and Bess-barough commissions which he declared the government had disapproved. He they be reviewed the report of the Richmond and Bess-borough commissions, which he declared, notwithstanding the conflicting authorities and recommendations, had been of the greatest service to the government. The Richmond commission, with one dissention, and the Bess-borough commission unanimously agreed in recommending the establishment of a court to deal with the differences between the landlord and tenant regarding rent. The two great questions to be dealt with are:

First—The relations between the landlord and tenant in Ireland. Second—Advances from the public exchequer. He declared that never as minister had he submitted any measure with a greater sense of the enormination of the provention of the pr

DENVER, April 7.—William Lowe, a fugitive from Fermingham. Mexico, where he had killed a man, was shot dead at Del Norte to-day by J. H. Jackson, for stealing his horse and threatening his life on different occasions.

\*\*Facilia Coast Dog Display.\*\*

San Francisco, April 7.—The Pacific coast bench show opened to-night at Mechanic's pavilion. Three hundred entries, representing seventy-seven classes of dogs, are on exhibition.

The Injunction Must Stand.

New York, April 7.—Judge Selgewick to-day in the superior court, refused the application of Theodore Moss and others to be polication of Theodore Moss and others to vacate the injunction restraining them from the public exchequer. He declared that never as minister had he submitted any measure with a greater sense of the enormous moment of the topics and of the propositions involved, and, he added, nothing that can be legitimately done by the government for the promotion of legislation shall we hesitate to do to procure the passing of an effective measure to deal with the land question of Ireland. He then examined and justified in detail the principles of the measure, beginning with the right of assignment or free sale, which, he declared, already existed by common law and customs. Before the actof 1870 the interest which the tenant had to assign was so small as to be worthless. Under that act the tenant right, in the shape of compensation for disturbing that outside nominations may change results."

THE NEGRO HOLDING THE RALANCE OF POWER IN GEORGIA.

New York Times: "A letter which we publish this morning from Augusta, Georgia explains very fully the effect of the campaign in that State last fall, to which we directed the attention of our readers frequently at the measure, beginning with the right of assignment or free sale, which, he declared, already existed by common law and customs of the proposition of the proposition of the complex of the tenant had to assign was so small as to be beginning them from the relation of the complex of the interest which we p in the shape of compensation for disturb-ance, became something sensible and consid-Governor Colquitt and Senator Ben Hill will

well as their constituents and the people of Tennessee generally, were vitally interested in a thorough investigation; and, at the risk of justifying the criticism of the daily press that this was a "smelling committee," all persons suggested by whom it was expected the charges could be either the proved or disproved, were summoned before the country, in order that a just judgment and verdiet might result. In several instances the committee were imposed upon, and witnesses were summoned who knew no lates personnel officers.

Tanner's Rival About to Die.

Towa City, I.a., April 7.—Noon to-day was the commencement of Miss Duel's forty-instances of the instruction of the full by him, all of whether of this report.

BASIL M. TILLMAN, Chairman.

A.J. RROWN, THOS F. PERKINS, Jr., BASIL M. THE MAN, Chairman.

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A.J. RROWN, THOS F. PERKINS, Jr., BASIL M. THE MAN, Chairman, ALEX RESIDER.

"In addition to the above report, I will submit that, while the evidence does not sustain the charges of bribery as made, yet it does

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## TO COUNTRY MERCHANTS.

Ferguson & Co. Saddle, Harness and Collar Factory, No. 299 MAIN STREET, MEMPHIS, TENN

175-177-179 MAIN ST. 176-178-180 FRONT ST.

And all kinds of Carriage and Wagon Material.

SADDLERY AND HARNESS AND ALL GOODS PERTAINING TO THIS LINE. All Kinds of REPAIRING DONE with NEATNESS & DISPATCH Milburn, Fish Brothers and Tennessee Farm Wagons



DOORS, SASH, BLINDS, MOLDING, LUMBER Lath and Shingles, Flooring, Ceiling, and Cedar Posts,

It is beleived that if it continues to rise the whole city will be inundated. Many houses are already undermined. Fifty houses in Malaga are in imminent danger of destruction, and four have already fallen. Eleven sailors and soldiers were drowned assisting people.

RUSSIA.

St. Petersburg, April 7.—The nomination of General Ignatieff and Baron Nicolai to portfolios, and the expected appointment of General Tchenaieff as governor of Orenburg, are sufficient indications of the strong burg, are sufficient indications of the strong burg are sufficient indications of the strong burg are sufficient indications. Fitty houses in the court to fix a judicial rent for fifteen this court. Every existing tenant might call on the court to fix a judicial rent for fifteen to fix a judicia

land cases. It is to consist of three persons, one of whom must be a judge or exjudge of the supreme court. Its proper seat will be at Dublin, but extra commissioners,

MEMPHIS.

PATTERN BONNETS. Hats, Caps, Flowers FEATHERS, RIBBONS,

regretted that the power as to emigration was
not accompanie I by others enabling the land
commission to favor emigration to lands that
might be purchased for that purpose.

Mr. Forster took occasion to state that the
government would be prepared to make
advances to tenants for the purchase of perpetual quit rents, this being a point which
Gladstone omitted to mention in his speech.
The land bill was then read for the first **JET & STEEL GOODS** 

AND CIGARS.

No. 14 Union St., Memphis, Tenn \$1.00

PER YEAR

**WEEKLY APPEAL** 

Cheapest Leading

Shooting Chills Down the Back,

Dull pain in the limbs, nauses, billousness, are symptoms of approaching fever and ague. Use without delay Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which substitutes for the chilly sensation a genial warmth, regulates the stomach, and imparts tone to the liver. The bowels, the stomach and the billing grand being rastored to a healthy condition, the disease is conquered at the outset.

For sale by all Druggists and Dealers generally.